### Name:

### Weight (kg):

### T-Slim - How to Survive

### Glooko Username:

### Password:

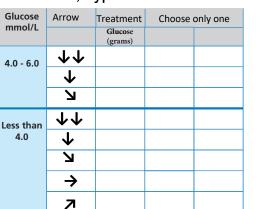
- Important things:
  - Suspend pump when taking it off (shower & sports) & resume after
  - o Always carry charging cable, insulin, cannula, reservoirs, insulin pen and needles, blood glucose & ketone meter, hypo treatment
- Low Glucose levels:
  - hypo guidance chart
  - Wait 20 minutes before retreating
  - No 10g snack after treated
- High Glucose Levels:
  - Follow the high guidance chart
  - o If the glucose level stays above 14.0mmol/I for 90 minutes, even though ketones are less than 0.6 mmol/L, change the cannula, then give a correction
  - If ketones are 0.6mmol/L or above, give correction dose by insulin pen, change reservoir and cannula, and stop Control-IQ for 4 hours:
    - $\triangleright$ 10% of total daily dose if ketones are 0.6-1.5 mmol/L
    - 20% of total daily dose if ketones are above 1.5 mmol/L  $\triangleright$

### **Infusion Site Management:**

- Take your time and follow the how to set up video 0
- Autosoft 90 has a 0.6ml cannula fill how to insert video 0
- Change cannula every 2-3 days before a meal and rotate sites
- Make sure insulin is less than 28 days out of the fridge and in date 0
- Remind yourself of best practice Ο

### **CGM Management:**

- Take your time and follow the how to set up video 0
- If you feel different to the sensor glucose, check blood glucose. 0
- Calibrate if more than 20% difference between senor and blood glucose 0
- Remind yourself of best practice 0





Solutions for





#### Hyperglycaemia management



Infusion set change



Inserting cannula



Inserting Dexcom



### **T-Slim - How to Thrive**

### • Ordering supplies:

- T:Slim supplies upon opening the last box 0800 012 1560
  - > If a cannula fails call for a replacement
  - > If issue with the pump call for trouble shooting
- Dexcom replacement sensors:
  - > If a sensor does not last 10 days contact for a replacement
  - www.dexcom.com/UKIETechsupport
  - > 0800 0315763

### • Food and insulin:

- o Bolus 15 minutes before eating.
- o Three balanced meals with limited snacking, Mealtime Insulin Guide
- o 5-10 minutes activity (walking, playing, dancing) after eating.
- For high fat meals (Pizza, takeaway, fish and chips)
  - Increase carbs by 25% (carbs x 1.25) & extended bolus half before & half over 2 hours
  - > If high 6 hours after eating, next time increase carbs by 50% (carbs x 1.5)
  - ➢ If go hypo do not add 25% next time
- o If you forget to bolus before eating:
  - Less than 30 minutes after eating, then bolus for all carbs.
  - > 30-60 minutes, then bolus for half the amount of carbs.
  - > More than 60 minutes, give a correction for the current glucose only

### • Exercise:

- Recap on how to mange with this video.
- Start Exercise Activity before (90 minutes before) and for the duration of the exercise, and stop it after.
- Meal before exercise:
  - If eating within 2 hours of exercise, enter only 75% of the carbohydrate to be eaten
  - Carbohydrate x 0.75 = amount to enter e.g. 40g x 0.75 = 30g
- o Carbs during: Glucose every 20-30 minutes following your chart (next page).
  - Do not have a large amount of carbs just before exercise as the high glucose level will make the Control-IQ deliver extra insulin.
- $\circ$  Request a Dietitian appointment if you exercise is hard to manage.

### • Maximising Time in Range (4.0-10.0 mmol/L)

 10 minutes of fast walking or playing drops the glucose level by 2 mmol/L wh above 10.0mmol/L between meals - <u>watch GAME</u>



Mealtime

insulin





Exercise

### Carbohydrate Guide for activity when using the T-Slim with Control-IQ

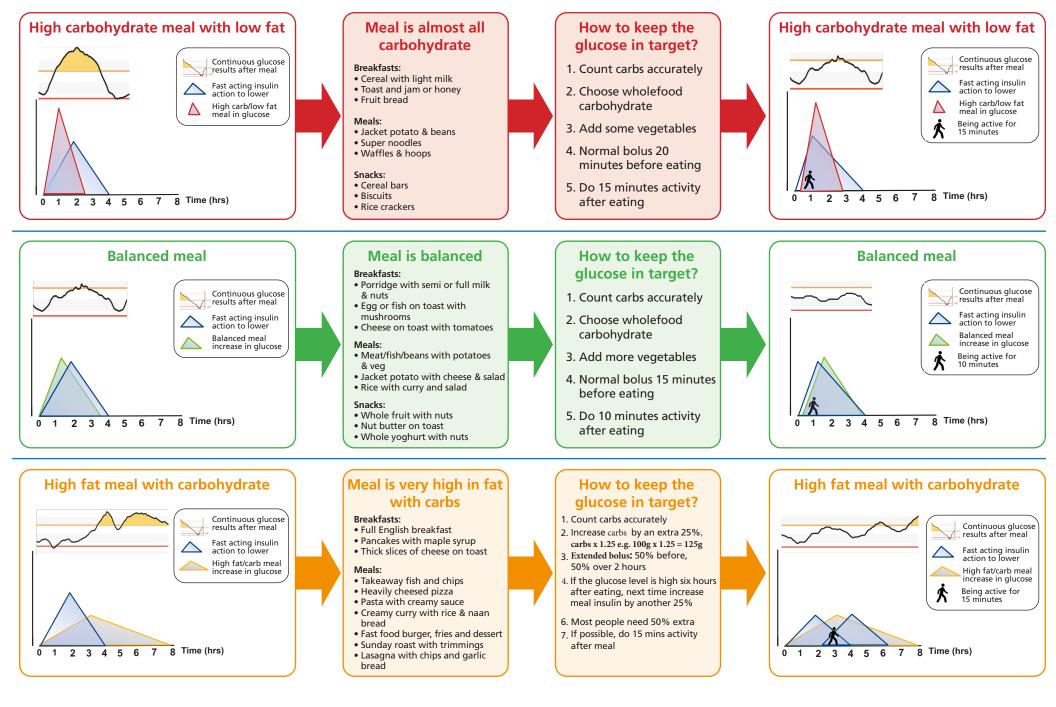
- 1. Start Exercise Activity before activity, ideally 90 minutes before.
- Check glucose just before and every 20-30 minutes during exercise and follow the chart below



3. Stop Exercise Activity after activity

Sensor glucose Levels less than 4.0 mmol/l	Rate of glocose change trend arrow & action to take No exercise: Treat hypoglycaemia	Carbohydrate grams needed for 20 minutes		
4.0 - 6.4 mmol/l	<ul> <li>↓↓</li> <li>↓↓</li> <li>↓↓</li> <li>↓↓</li> <li>↓↓</li> </ul>			
6.5 - 9.9	⊼ Ô ↑			
mmol/l	$\bigcirc \qquad \checkmark \qquad $			
10.0 - 13.9	Ok to exercise			
mmol/l	with any arrow			
>14.0mmol/l	Check ketones: If less than 0.6mmol/l	Ok to exercise		
	Chck ketones: If 0.6mmol/l or above	No exercise until the ketones have been corrected and are less than 0.6mmol/l		

# Mealtime Insulin Guide 🖸



## **Dynamic Glucose Management** GAME-SET-MATCH

Combine glucose values and trend arrows with proactive diabetes management



- **G** = Glucose time in range desired
- A = Alert on high set accordingly

Time in range desired? 4.0-10.0mmol/L	Set high alert mmol/L	Predicted HbA1c mmol/mol (%)	Daily energy & future health
50%	No alert	64 (8.0)	$\odot$
60%	14.0	58 (7.5)	$\odot$
70%	12.0	52 (7.0)	$\odot$
75%	11.0	50 (6.8)	$\odot$
80%	10.0	48 (6.5)	$\odot$
85%	9.0	45 (6.2)	$\odot \odot \odot \odot \odot$
90+%	8.0	42 (6.0)	$\bigcirc \bigcirc $

- **M** = Mode of exercise that can be done
- **E** = Exercise when high alert sounds

Glucose mmol/L	Trend arrow			How many	
mmoi/L	Libre	Dexcom	Medtronic	minutes	
	7	Ő	1	5	
8.0 - 9.9	<b>↑</b>	Ô	$\uparrow\uparrow$	10	
		٢	$\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow$	15	
10.0 - 14.0	$\rightarrow$			15	
	7		1	20	
	<b>↑</b>	Ô	$\uparrow\uparrow$	25	
		٢	$\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow$	30	
More than 14.0	$\downarrow$	$\bigcirc$	$\downarrow\downarrow$	15	
	Ŕ		$\downarrow$	20	
	$\rightarrow$	$\bigcirc$		25	
	7	Ő	1	30	
	↑	Ô	<u>^</u>	40	



S = Start insulin before eating

Glucose mmol/L	Trend arrow			Minutes to bolus
mmol/L	Libre	Dexcom	Medtronic	before meal
		$\bigcirc$	$\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow$	Prevent hypo
	$\downarrow$	$\bigcirc$	$\downarrow\downarrow$	Prevent hypo
	Ŕ		$\downarrow$	Prevent hypo
4.0 - 5.9	$\rightarrow$	$\bigcirc$		15
	7		<b>↑</b>	20
	1	٢	<u>^</u>	25
		٢	$\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow$	30
		$\bigcirc$	$\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow$	0
	$\downarrow$	Ó	$\downarrow\downarrow$	10
	К	Q	Ļ	15
6.0 - 9.9	$\rightarrow$			20
	7	Ő	<b>↑</b>	25
	1	Ô	<b>↑</b> ↑	30
		٢	$\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow$	35
		$\bigcirc$	$\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow$	15
	$\downarrow$	Q	$\downarrow\downarrow$	20
	Ŕ		Ļ	25
10.0 - 14.0	$\rightarrow$			30
	7	Ø	<b>↑</b>	35
	↑	Ô	<b>^</b>	40
		٢	$\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow$	45
More than 14.0	$\downarrow$	Q	$\downarrow\downarrow$	25
	Ŕ	Q	$\downarrow$	30
	$\rightarrow$	$\bigcirc$		40
	7	Ø	<b>↑</b>	45
	1	Ô	<b>^</b>	50

**E** = Eat three balanced meals

T = Ten minutes activity after eating





M = Measure weight to calculate hypo treatment

Weight (kg)	Grams of glucose	Dextrose 3g tablets
10	3	1
20	6	2
30	9	3
40	12	4
50	15	5
60+	18	6

- A = Always use glucose only, not sugar
- **T** = Try to prevent lows
- C = Change amount according to glucose value & arrow

Glucose mmol/L	Trend arrow			Percent	
mmoi/L	Libre	Dexcom	Medtronic	of hypo treatment	
	$\downarrow$	$\bigcirc$	$\downarrow \uparrow \uparrow \downarrow$	100%	
4.0 - 6.0		$\bigcirc$	$\uparrow \uparrow$	75%	
	Ŕ		$\downarrow$	50%	
	$\downarrow$	$\bigcirc$	$\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$	125%	
Loss then		$\bigcirc$	$\uparrow \uparrow$	100%	
Less than 4.0	Ŕ		$\downarrow$	75%	
	$\rightarrow$	$\bigcirc$		50%	
	7	O	1	25%	

H = Have patience and wait 20 mins